Conney Item# 64095

Safety Data Sheet 50009MSA



Section 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product Name Non - Flammable Gas Mixture Containing One or More of the Following Components in a Ntrogen Balance Gas: Oxygen, 0 23.5%; Methane, 0-2.5%; Hydrogen, 0-2.0%; Carbon Monoxide, 0.00001-1.0% MSA P/N 459944, 461768, 461769, 473180, 477888, 478191, 710565, 710566, 710882, 806255, 806734, 809241, 809242, 809243, 813718, 814350, 814491, 814497, 814978, 10010162, 10027938, 10028020, 10028048, 10028050, 10028052, 10028054, 10028056, 10040791, 10045035, 10048280, 10048789, 10048981, 10049056 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified use(s) Calibration of Monitoring and Research Equipment 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet any

	or the ouroly dute on		
Manufacturer	Air Liquide 2700 Post Oak Blvd. Houston, TX 77056 United States www.us.airliquide.com sds@airliquide.com	U.S. Supplier	Mine Safety Appliances Compar Cranberry Township Pennsylvania U.S.A. 16066 1-800-MSA-2222 www.msanet.com/prism
Telephone (Technical)	713-896-2896 800-819-1704		
1.4 Emergency telephone Manufacturer	number 800-424-9300 - CHEMTR	REC	

+1 703-527-3887 - Outside United States

Section 2: Hazards Identification

EU/EEC

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)/REACH 1907/2006 [amended by 453/2010] According to EU Directive 67/548/EEC (DSD) or 1999/45/EC (DPD)

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP	 Compressed Gas - H280 Reproductive Toxicity 1A - H360D Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 2 - H373
DSD/DPD	 Harmful (Xn) Substances Toxic To Reproduction - Category 1 R20, R48/20, R61

2.2 Label Elements

DANGER



Hazard statements •	H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated H360D - May damage the unborn child. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention .	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260 - Do not breathe gas. P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required.
Response _•	P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage/Disposal 。	 P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.
DSD/DPD	
Risk phrases _e	 R20 - Harmful by inhalation. R48/20 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.
Safety phrases 🖕	S53 - Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
2.3 Other Hazards	
CLP •	This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) this material is considered hazardous.
DSD/DPD •	This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. According to European Directive 1999/45/EC this preparation is considered dangerous.
United States (US) According to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.	1200 HCS

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS 2012

- Compressed Gas H280 • Reproductive Toxicity 1A - H360 Simple Asphyxiant
- 2.2 Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012



Hazard statements . Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated - H280 May damage fertility or the unborn child. - H360 May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statements	
	Obtain special instructions before use P201 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P202 Do not breathe gas P260 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection P280 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P308+P313
Storage/Disposal •	Store in a well-ventilated place P403 Store locked up P405 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations P501
2.3 Other hazards	
OSHA HCS 2012 •	Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

Canada

According to WHMIS

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

WHMIS

- Compressed Gas A Very Toxic - D1A Other Toxic Effects - D2A
- 2.2 Label elements WHMIS

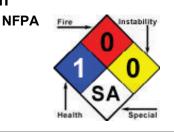


 Compressed Gas - A Very Toxic - D1A Other Toxic Effects - D2A

2.3 Other hazards WHMIS

 This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces.
 In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

2.4 Other information



Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1 Substances

• Material does not meet the criteria of a substance in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

3.2 Mixtures

	Composition				
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive	
Oxygen	CAS:7782-44- 7 EINECS:231- 956-9	0% TO 23.5%	NDA	EU DSD/DPD: Annex VI, Table 3.2 - O; R8 EU CLP: Annex VI, Table 3.1 - Ox. Gas 1, H270; Press. Gas - Comp., H280 OSHA HCS 2012: Ox. Gas 1; Press Gas Comp.	
Methane	CAS:74-82-8 EINECS:200- 812-7	0% TO 2.5%	NDA	EU DSD/DPD: Annex VI, Table 3.2 - F+; R12 EU CLP: Annex VI, Table 3.1 - Flam. Gas 1, H220; Press. Gas - Comp., H280 OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Gas 1; Press. Gas - Comp; Simp. Asphyx	
Hydrogen	CAS :1333-74- 0 EINECS :215- 605-7	0% TO 2%	NDA	EU DSD/DPD: Annex VI, Table 3.2 - F+; R12 EU CLP: Annex VI, Table 3.1 - Flam. Gas 1, H220; Press. Gas - Comp., H280 OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Gas 1, Press. Gas - Comp.	
Carbon monoxide	CAS: 630-08-0 EINECS: 211- 128-3	0.00001% TO 1%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 1807 ppm 4 Hour(s)	EU DSD/DPD: Annex VI, Table 3.2 - F+; R12 T; R23-48/23 Repr.Cat.1; R61 EU CLP: Annex VI, Table 3.1 - Flam. Gas 1, H220; Press. Gas - Comp., H280; Repr. 1A, H360D; Acute Tox. 3 *, H331; STOT RE 1, H372 OSHA HCS 2012: Repr 1A; Acute Tox 3 (inhl); Flam. Gas 1; Press Gas	
Nitrogen	CAS:7727-37- 9 EINECS:231- 783-9	Balance	NDA	EU DSD/DPD: Not Classified EU CLP: Self Classified - Press. Gas - Comp, H280 OSHA HCS 2012: Press. Gas - Comp.; Simp. Asphyx.	

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information. See Section 16 for full text of H-statements and R-phrases.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.
Skin	 Although exposure is unlikely, in case of contact immediately flush skin with running water. If skin irritation develops get medical advice/attention.
Еуе	 First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.
Ingestion	 Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
4.2 Most important syn	nptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
	 Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.
4.3 Indication of any im	mediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to Physician	 All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred. A potential health hazard associated with this gas is anoxia.
4.4 Other information	
	 Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. RESCUERS SHOULD NOT ATTEMPT TO RETRIEVE VICTIMS OF EXPOSURE TO GASES WITHOUT ADEQUATE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT. At a minimum, Self-Contained Breathing

Apparatus must be worn. Victim(s) who experience any adverse effect after over exposure to this gas mixture must be taken for medical attention. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention if necessary. Take a copy of the label and the MSDS to physician or other health professional with victim(s).

Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media . Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing None known. Media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards **Hazardous Combustion** Products

- Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket.
- No data available

- 5.3 Advice for firefighters

•	Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.
	Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
	Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
	FIRE: If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2
	mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all
	directions.
	FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose
	holders or monitor nozzles.
	FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well
	after fire is out.
	FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices;
	icing may occur.
	FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting
	safety devices or discoloration of tank.
	FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Personal Precautions	 Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Ventilate the area before entry.
Emergency Procedures	 Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Keep out of low areas. Stay upwind. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak. LARGE SPILL: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 500 meters (1/3 mile)
6.2 Environmental prec	autions
	 Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.
6.3 Methods and mater	ial for containment and cleaning up
Containment/Clean-up Measures	 Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak. Use water spray to reduce vapors; do not put water directly on leak, spill area or inside container. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

6.4 Reference to other sections

 Refer to Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection and Section 13 - Disposal Considerations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling

• Use only with adequate ventilation. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Be aware of any signs of dizziness or fatigue, especially if work is done in a poorly ventilated area; exposures to fatal concentrations of this gas mixture could occur without any significant warning symptoms, due to olfactory fatigue or oxygen deficiency. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked -over. Do not attempt to repair, adjust, or in any other way modify cylinders. If there is a malfunction or another type of operational problem, contact nearest distributor immediately. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not cut, weld, puncture or incinerate container.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Protect cylinders against physical damage. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked -over.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

• Refer to Section 1.2 - Relevant identified uses.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

			Exposure Limits	/Guidelines		
	Result	ACGIH	Canada Ontario	Canada Quebec	China	China Highly Toxic Goods
Methane (74-82-8)	TWAs	1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane C1-4)	1000 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established	Not established
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	Ceilings	Not established	Not established	Not established	20 mg/m3 Ceiling [MAC] (high altitude area, 2000-3000m); 15 mg/m3 Ceiling [MAC] (high altitude area, >3000m)	Not established
(000 00 0)	ISTELS INOT ESTABLISHED INOT ESTABLISHED I		200 ppm STEV; 230 mg/m3 STEV	30 mg/m3 STEL (not in high altitude area)	30 mg/m3 STEL (not in high altitude area)	
	TWAs	25 ppm TWA	25 ppm TWA	35 ppm TWAEV; 40 mg/m3 TWAEV	20 mg/m3 TWA (not in high altitude area)	20 mg/m3 TWA (not in high altitude area)
		Ex	posure Limits/Gu	idelines (Con't.)		
	Result	France	Germany DFG	Germany TRGS	Ireland	Israel
Methane (74-82-8)	TWAs	Not established	Not established	Not established	1000 ppm TWA	1000 ppm TWA (gas, listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane C1-4)
				30 ppm TWA AGW (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus cannot be excluded even when AGW and BGW		

Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	TWAs	50 ppm TWA [VME]; 55 mg/m3 TWA [VME]	Not established	values are observed, exposure factor 2); 35 mg/m3 TWA AGW (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus cannot be excluded even when AGW and BGW values are observed, exposure factor 2)	20 ppm TWA; 23 mg/m3 TWA	25 ppm TWA
	STELs	Not established	Not established	Not established	100 ppm STEL; 115 mg/m3 STEL	Not established
	Ceilings	Not established	60 ppm Peak; 70 mg/m3 Peak	Not established	Not established	Not established
	MAKs	Not established	30 ppm TWA MAK; 35 mg/m3 TWA MAK	Not established	Not established	Not established
		Ex	posure Limits/Gu	idelines (Con't.)		
	Result	NIOSH	OSHA	Portugal	Spain	Sweden
Methane (74-82-8)	TWAs	Not established	Not established	1000 ppm TWA [VLE-MP]	1000 ppm TWA [VLA- ED]	Not established
	TWAs	35 ppm TWA; 40 mg/m3 TWA	50 ppm TWA; 55 mg/m3 TWA	25 ppm TWA [VLE- MP]	25 ppm TWA [VLA- ED]; 29 mg/m3 TWA [VLA-ED]	20 ppm LLV (regulated under exhaust fumes, listed under Exhaust fumes); 25 mg/m3 LLV (regulated under exhaust fumes, listed under Exhaust fumes); 35 ppm LLV; 40 mg/m3 LLV
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	Biological Limit Values (BLV)	Not established	Not established	Not established	3.5 % of Carboxyhemoglobin in total hemoglobin blood end of shift Carboxyhemoglobin (2,F,I); 20 ppm alveolar air end of shift CO end-cut of exhaled air (2,F,I)	Not established
	STELs	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	100 ppm STV; 120 mg/m3 STV
	Ceilings	200 ppm Ceiling; 229 mg/m3 Ceiling	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established

Exposure Control Notations

Portugal

•Hydrogen (1333-74-0): **Simple Asphyxiants:** (Simple Asphyxiant) | **Simple Asphyxiants:** (Simple Asphyxiant)

France

•Carbon monoxide (630-08-0): Reproductive Toxins: (Reproductive Toxin category 1)

Ireland

•Hydrogen (1333-74-0): Simple Asphyxiants: (Asphyxiant) | Simple Asphyxiants: (Asphyxiant) | Simple Asphyxiants: (Asphyxiant) | Substances with Potential Chronic Health Effects: (Repr1A)

Spain

•Carbon monoxide (630-08-0): **Reproductive Toxins:** (known reproductive toxins with classification from human data) | **Simple Asphyxiants:** (simple asphyxiant) | **Simple Asphyxiants:** (simple asphyxiant)

Sweden

•Carbon monoxide (630-08-0): **Reproductive Toxins:** (Causes reproductive disturbances) **Germany DFG**

•Carbon monoxide (630-08-0): Pregnancy: (risk to embryo/fetus probable)

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering Measures/Controls	conditions. If applicable, use pro engineering controls to maintain	ocess e airbor	ed. Ventilation rates should be matched to enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other ne levels below recommended exposure limits. ished, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable
Personal Protective Equipment	:		
Respiratory	Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH	/MSHA	found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European or European Standard EN 149 approved led or symptoms are experienced.
Eye/Face	Wear safety glasses.		
Skin/Body	Wear leather gloves when hand	ling cyl	inders.
Environmental Exposure Controls	 Follow best practice for site man engineered to prevent release to spills, atmospheric release and 	the en	ent and disposal of waste. Controls should be wironment, including procedures to prevent e to waterways.
Key to abbreviations			
ACGIH = American Conference of Govern	mental Industrial Hygiene	STEL	= Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures
LLV = Limit Level Value is the exposure	-	STEV	= Short Term Exposure Value
MAK = Maximale Arbeitsplatz Konzentra concentration	ation is the maximum permissible	TWAE	/ = Time-Weighted Average Exposure Value
NIOSH = National Institute of Occupationa	I Safety and Health	TWA	= Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures
OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health	Administration		

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description			
Physical Form	Gas	Appearance/Description	Colorless gas with no odor.
Color	Colorless	Odor	Odorless
Odor Threshold	Data lacking		
General Properties	-		-
Boiling Point	-195.8 C(-320.44 F) (Nitrogen)	Melting Point	-210 C(-346 F) (Nitrogen)
Decomposition Temperature	Data lacking	pН	Data lacking
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	0.906 Water=1 (Nitrogen)	Density	0.072 lb(s)/ft³ @ 0 C(32 F)
Water Solubility	Data lacking	Viscosity	Data lacking
Explosive Properties	Not explosive.	Oxidizing Properties:	Not an oxidizer.
Volatility	-		
Vapor Pressure	Data lacking	Vapor Density	Data lacking
Evaporation Rate	Data lacking		
Flammability	-		
Flash Point	Data lacking	UEL	Data lacking
LEL	Data lacking	Autoignition	Data lacking
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not flammable.		

Environmental		
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Data lacking	

9.2 Other Information

• No additional physical and chemical parameters noted.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

• No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

• Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

• Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

• Excess heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

 Hydrogen is incompatible with strong oxidizers (i.e. chlorine, bromine, pentafluoride, oxygen, oxygen difluoride, and nitrogen trifluoride). Nitrogen reacts with Li, Nd, and Ti at high temperatures.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

None

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Component Name		CAS	Data		
Carbon monoxide (0.00001% TO 1%)	63	0-08-0	Acute Toxicity: ihl-rat LC50:1807 ppm/4H; Reproductive: ihl-rat TCLo:150 ppm (0-20D preg)		
Oxygen (0% TO 23.5%)	77	82-44-7	Reproductive: ihl-rat TCLo:10 pph/9H (22D preg)		
GHS Properties		Classific	cation		
Acute toxicity		lacking; A OSHA H	 Acute Toxicity - Dermal - Data lacking; Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Data Acute Toxicity - Oral - Data lacking CS 2012 • Acute Toxicity - Dermal - Data lacking; Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - king; Acute Toxicity - Oral - Data lacking 		
Aspiration Hazard		EU/CLP • Not relevant OSHA HCS 2012 • Not relevant			
Carcinogenicity			• Data lacking CS 2012 • Data lacking		
Germ Cell Mutagenicity		EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking			
Skin corrosion/Irritation		EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking			
Skin sensitization			EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking		

STOT-RE	EU/CLP • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 2 OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking	
	EU/CLP • Data lacking	
STOT-SE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking	
Toxicity for Reproduction	EU/CLP • Toxic to Reproduction 1A OSHA HCS 2012 • Toxic to Reproduction 1A	
Respiratory sensitization	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking	
Serious eye damage/Irritation	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking	
Route(s) of entry/exposure Potential Health Effects Inhalation Acute (Immediate)	 Inhalation, Skin, Eye Inhalation over-exposures to atmospheres containing more than the Threshold Limit Value of Carbon Monoxide (25 ppm), another component of this gas mixture, can result in serious health consequences. Carbon Monoxide is classified as a chemical asphyxiant, producing a toxic action by combining with the hemoglobin of the blood and replacing the available oxygen. Through this replacement, the body is deprived of the required oxygen, and asphyxiation occurs. Since the affinity of Carbon Monoxide for hemoglobin is about 200-300 times that of oxygen, only a small amount of Carbon Monoxide will cause a toxic reaction to occur. Carbon Monoxide exposures in excess of 50 ppm will produce symptoms of poisoning if breathed for a sufficiently long time. If this gas mixture is released in a small, poorly ventilated area (i.e. an enclosed or confined space), symptoms which may develop include the following: bright red lips and fingernails, headache progessing to heart palpitations, staggering, confusion, nausea, dizziness and unconsciousness with higher concentration exposures. For exposures greater than 2500 ppm there is potential for collapse and death before warning symptoms are experienced. 	
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available	
Skin		
Acute (Immediate)	 Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected. 	
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available	
Eye		
Acute (Immediate)	 Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected. 	
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available	
Ingestion		
Acute (Immediate)	 Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected. 	
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available	
Reproductive Effects	 The Carbon Monoxide component of this gas mixture can cause teratogenic effects in humans. Severe exposure to Carbon Monoxide during pregnancy has caused adverse effects and the death of the fetus. In general, maternal symptoms are an indicator of the potential risk to the fetus since Carbon Monoxide is toxic to the mother before it is toxic to the fetus. 	
11.2 Other information		
	• The transport of oxygen in blood ensured by haemoglobin will be slowed down because carboxyhaemoglobin instead of oxyhaemoglobin will be formed in lungs. The affinity of heamoglobin for carbon monoxide is 200 to 300 higher then for oxygen. All related health hazards wil be caused by slow respiration of cells which will damage the central nervous system, collapse the cardiovascular system, cause kidney	
	insufficiency, coma, etc.	

LC = Lethal Concentration

TC = Toxic Concentration

Section 12 - Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Material data lacking.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Material data lacking.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

- Material data lacking.
- 12.4 Mobility in Soil
- Material data lacking.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment has not been conducted for this material.

12.6 Other adverse effects

No studies have been found.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product waste

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.
- Packaging waste
- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
DOT	UN1956	Compressed gas, n.o.s (Oxygen, Nitrogen)	2.2	NDA	NDA
TDG	UN1956	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Oxygen, Nitrogen)	2.2	NDA	Potential Marine Pollutant
IMO/IMDG	UN1956	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Oxygen, Nitrogen)	2.2	NDA	NDA
IATA/ICAO	UN1956	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Oxygen, Nitrogen)	2.2	NDA	NDA

Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well -ventilated vehicle. The 14.6 Special precautions for transportation of compressed gas cylinders in automobiles or in closed -body vehicles user can present serious safety hazards. If transporting these cylinders in vehicles, ensure these cylinders are not exposed to extremely high temperatures (as may occur in an enclosed vehicle on a hot day). Additionally, the vehicle should be well -ventilated during transportation.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of

Not relevant.

MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications • Acute, Pressure(Sudden Release of)

State Right To Know					
Component	CAS	MA	NJ	PA	
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Methane	74-82-8	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	

			Inventory			
Component	CAS	Canada DSL	Canada NDSL	China	EU EINECS	EU ELNICS
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Methane	74-82-8	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
			Inventory (Co	n't.)		
Component			CAS		TSCA	
Carbon monoxide 630-08-0				Yes		
Hydrogen 1333-74-0		Yes				
Methane 74-82-8			Yes			
Nitrogen		772	7727-37-9		Yes	
Oxygen		778	7782-44-7		Yes	

Canada

Carbon monoxide	630-08-0 A, B1, D1A, D2A
Hydrogen	1333-74-0 A, B1
• Oxygen	7782-44-7 A, C
Nitrogen	7727-37-9 A
Methane	74-82-8 A, B1
Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List • Carbon monoxide	630-08-0 0.1 %
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0 0.1 %
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0 Not Listed
• Hydrogen • Oxygen	1333-74-0 Not Listed 7782-44-7 Not Listed

Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Part 4 Substance
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
Canada - 2005 NPRI (National Pollutant Release Inventory)		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Part 4 Substance
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
Canada - CEPA - Greenhouse Gases Subject to Mandatory Reporting		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	21 GWP
Canada - CEPA - Priority Substances List		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
Canada - DWQ (Drinking Water Quality) - IMACs		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Other Canada - Accelerated Reduction/Elimination of Toxics (ARET)		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Canada New Brunswick

630-08-0	Not Listed
1333-74-0	Not Listed
7782-44-7	Not Listed
7727-37-9	Not Listed
74-82-8	Not Listed
	1333-74-0 7782-44-7 7727-37-9

Canada - New Brunswick - Ozone Depleting Substances - Schedule B

Carbon monoxide	630-08-0 Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0 Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7 Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9 Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8 Not Listed

China

China - Ozone Depleting Substances - First Schedule Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
o Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
China - Ozone Depleting Substances - Second Schedule		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
China - Ozone Depleting Substances - Third Schedule		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
er China - Annex I & II - Controlled Chemicals Lists		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
hina - Dangerous Goods List		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	(compressed or refrigerate liquid)
Oxygen	7782-44-7	(compressed or refrigerate

- Oxygen
- Nitrogen
- · Methane

China - Export Control List - Part I Chemicals

Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed

(compressed or refrigerated

(compressed or refrigerated

7727-37-9

74-82-8

liquid)

liquid)

liquid)

Non-Flammable Gas Mixture Containing One or More of the Following Components in a Ntrogen Balance Gas: Oxygen, 0-23.5%; Methane, 0-2.5%; Hydrogen, 0-2.0%; Carbon Monoxide, 0.00001-1.0%

Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Europe

ner		
U - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Classification		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	F+; R12 T; R23-48/23 Repr.Cat.1; R61
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	F+; R12
Oxygen	7782-44-7	O; R8
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	F+; R12
U - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Concentration Lin	nits	
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
:U - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Labelling		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	F+ T R:61-12-23-48/23 S:5 45
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	F+ R:12 S:(2)-9-16-33
Oxygen	7782-44-7	O R:8 S:(2)-17
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	F+ R:12 S:(2)-9-16-33
U - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Notes - Substance	es and Preparations	
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	E
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Safety Phrases		
	630-08-0	S:53-45
Carbon monoxide		S:(2)-9-16-33
	1333-74-0	0.(2)-3-10-33
Carbon monoxide Hydrogen	1333-74-0 7782-44-7	
Carbon monoxide		S:(2)-17 Not Listed

Germany

Environment Germany - TA Luft - Types and Classes		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS) - Annex 1		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	ID Number 741, not considered hazardous to water

• Oxygen	7782-44-7	ID Number 743, not considered hazardous to water
		ID Number 1351, not
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	considered hazardous to
		water
		ID Number 1343, not
Methane	74-82-8	considered hazardous to
		water
Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS) - Annex 2 - Water Hazard	l Classes	
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	ID Number 257, hazard class 1 - low hazard to waters
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
· Wethane	7-02-0	Not Elsted
Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS) - Annex 3		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
Other Germany - Specifically Regulated Chemicals in TRGS		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
Portugal		
Other Portugal - Prohibited Substances		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
United Kingdom		
⊂ Environment		
United Kingdom - Pollution Inventory - Schedule 1 - Thresholds for	r Releases to Air	
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	100000 kg
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	10000 kg
United Kingdom - Substances Contained in Dangerous Substance	s or Preparations	
United Kingdom - Substances Contained in Dangerous Substance • Carbon monoxide	es or Preparations 630-08-0	Not Listed

Non-Flammable Gas Mixture Containing One or More of the Following Components in a Ntrogen Balance Gas: Oxygen, 0-23.5%; Methane, 0-2.5%; Hydrogen, 0-2.0%; Carbon Monoxide, 0.00001-1.0%

7782-44-7	Not Listed
7727-37-9	Not Listed
74-82-8	Not Listed
	7727-37-9

Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
nited Kingdom - List of Dangerous Substances	in Water	
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed

United States

Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
.S OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals Carbon monoxide	630.08.0	Not Listed
Carbon monoxide Hydrogen	630-08-0 1333-74-0	Not Listed
Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7702-44-7	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Environment

U.S CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Radionuclides and Their Reportable Quantities		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed

Non-Flammable Gas Mixture Containing One or More of the Following Components in a Ntrogen Balance Gas: Oxygen, 0-23.5%; Methane, 0-2.5%; Hydrogen, 0-2.0%; Carbon Monoxide, 0.00001-1.0%

• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

United States - California

Environment U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	developmental toxicity, initial date 7/1/89
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed

Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male		
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	Not Listed
• Hydrogen	1333-74-0	Not Listed
• Oxygen	7782-44-7	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

United States - Pennsylvania

Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	
Hydrogen	1333-74-0 Not I	isted
xygen	7782-44-7 Not I	isted
Nitrogen	7727-37-9 Not I	isted
Methane	74-82-8 Not I	isted
S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special I.		
Carbon monoxide Hydrogen	630-08-0 Not I 1333-74-0 Not I	_isted
Carbon monoxide lydrogen Dxygen	630-08-0 Not I 1333-74-0 Not I 7782-44-7 Not I	_isted _isted
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0 Not I 1333-74-0 Not I 7782-44-7 Not I	isted

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

• No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

15.3 Other Information

 WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16 - Other Information

Relevant Phrases (code & full text)

- H220 Extremely flammable gas
- H270 May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer
- H331 Toxic if inhaled
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

R8 - Contact with combustible material may cause fire.
R12 - Extremely flammable.
R23 - Toxic by inhalation.
R48/23 - Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Last Revision Date

Preparation Date

Liability

Disclaimer/Statement of

10/January/2014

10/January/2014

• To the best of Air Liquide's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either express or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to this specific product. If this gas mixture is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.

Key to abbreviations

NDA = No Data Available